

[54] **MAGNETIC MOTION ELECTRICAL GENERATOR**

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[52] U.S. Cl. **323/362; 323/330; 336/110; 324/117 R; 505/879**

[58] Field of Search **323/362, 330, 331; 307/101, 104, 106; 336/110, 160, 170, 155; 324/117 R, 253; 505/879**

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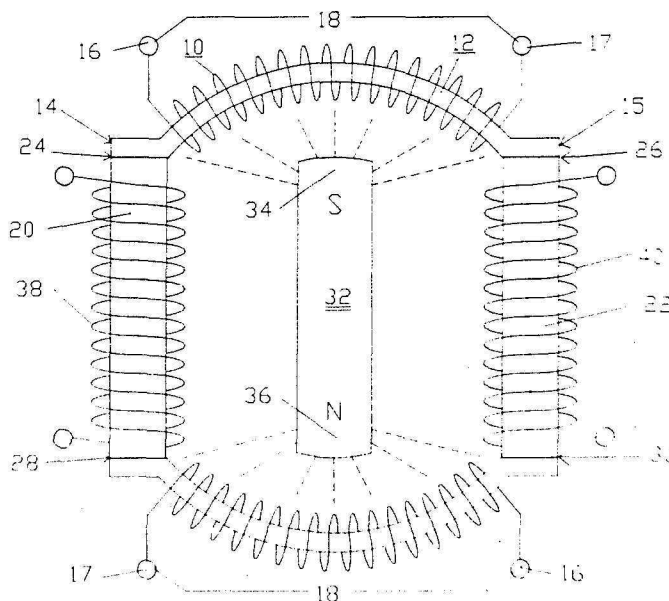
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[57] **ABSTRACT**

A magnetic motion electrical generator includes an electrical winding defining a magnetically conductive zone having bases at each end, the winding including

elements for the removing of an induced current therefrom. The generator further includes two pole magnets, each having a first and a second pole, each first pole in magnetic communication with one base of the magnetically conductive zone. The generator further includes a third pole magnet, the third pole magnet oriented intermediately of the first poles of the two pole electromagnets and in magnetic communication with the electromagnets, the third pole magnet having a magnetic axis substantially transverse to an axis of the magnetically conductive zone, the third magnet having a pole nearest to the conductive zone and in magnetic attractive relationship to the first poles of the two pole electromagnets, in which the first poles thereof are like poles. Yet further included in the generator are elements for cyclically reversing the magnetic polarities of the electromagnets. Said reversing means, through a cyclical change in the magnetic polarities of the electromagnets, will cause the magnetic flux lines associated with the magnetic attractive relationship between the first poles of the electromagnets and the nearest pole of the third magnet to correspondingly reverse, causing a wiping effect across the magnetically conductive zone, as lines of magnetic flux swing between respective first poles of the two electromagnets, thereby inducing electron movement within the windings and thusly generating a flow of current within the winding.

11 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets



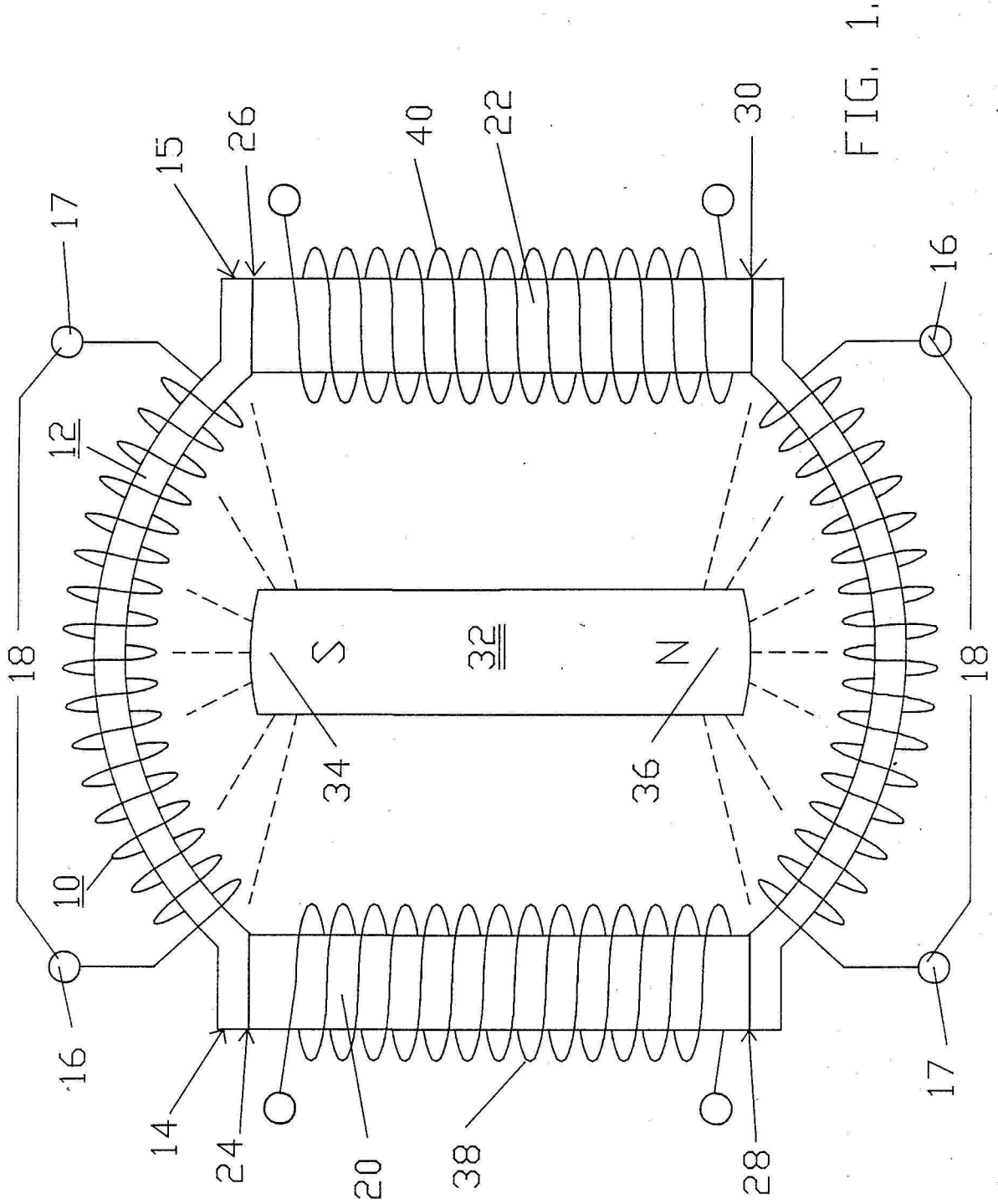


FIG. 1.

